

GALLUP NEWS SERVICE

JUNE WAVE 2

-- FINAL TOPLINE --

Timberline: 937008
H: 639
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Results are based on telephone interviews conducted June 20-24, 2013 with a random sample of –2,048—adults, aged 18+, living in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia. For results based on these samples of national adults, one can say with 95% confidence that the margin of error is ± 3 percentage points.

For results based on the samples of –1,039—national adults in Form A and –1,009—national adults in Form B, the margin of sampling error is ± 4 percentage points.

For results based on the sample of –234—adults who do not have health insurance, the margin of sampling error is ± 8 percentage points.

Interviews are conducted with respondents on landline telephones and cellular phones, with interviews conducted in Spanish for respondents who are primarily Spanish-speaking. Each sample of national adults includes a minimum quota of 50% cell phone respondents and 50% landline respondents, with additional minimum quotas by region. Landline and cell phone telephone numbers are selected using random digit dial methods. Landline respondents are chosen at random within each household on the basis of which member had the most recent birthday.

Samples are weighted to correct for unequal selection probability, non-response, and double coverage of landline and cell users in the two sampling frames. They are also weighted to match the national demographics of gender, age, race, Hispanic ethnicity, education, region, population density, and phone status (cell phone-only/landline only/both and cell phone mostly). Demographic weighting targets are based on the March 2012 Current Population Survey figures for the aged 18 and older U.S. population. Phone status targets are based on the July-December 2011 National Health Interview Survey. Population density targets are based on the 2010 census. All reported margins of sampling error include the computed design effects for weighting.

In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of public opinion polls.

30. If you had a child, would you like to see him or her go into politics as a life's work?

BASED ON -508—NATIONAL ADULTS; ±5 PCT PTS

	<u>Yes, would</u>	<u>No, would not</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2013 Jun 20-24	31	64	5

Q.31/32 ROTATED

31. If you had a son, would you like to see him go into politics as a life's work?

BASED ON -1,540—NATIONAL ADULTS; ±3 PCT PTS

	<u>Yes, would</u>	<u>No, would not</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
Total			
2013 Jun 20-24	31	64	5
1995 Sep 14-17	32	63	5
1994 Jul 1-3	28	68	4
1993 Jun 18-21	32	61	7
When Son asked first, Daughter second			
2013 Jun 20-24	25	70	5
1995 Sep 14-17	n/a	n/a	n/a
1994 Jul 1-3	25	71	4
1993 Jun 18-21	22	70	8
1991 Oct 10-13	24	72	4
1973 Jun 22-25	23	54	13
1965 Jan 28-Feb 2 ^	36	54	10
1962 Jan 11-16 ^	22	69	9
1955 Feb 10-15 ^	27	60	13
1953 May 30-Jun 4	20	70	10
1944 Dec 31-1945 Jan 4 ^	21	68	11
When Daughter asked first, Son second			
2013 Jun 20-24	37	59	4
1995 Sep 14-17	n/a	n/a	n/a
1994 Jul 1-3	31	65	4
1993 Jun 18-21	42	53	5

^ WORDING: If you had a son, would you like to see him go into politics as a life's work when he gets out of school?

32. If you had a daughter, would you like to see her go into politics as a life's work?

BASED ON -1,540—NATIONAL ADULTS; ±3 PCT PTS

	<u>Yes, would</u>	<u>No, would not</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
Total (Combined Rotations)			
2013 Jun 20-24	31	64	5
1995 Sep 14-17	34	61	5
1994 Jul 1-3	26	71	3
1993 Jun 18-21	33	61	7
When Son asked First, Daughter second			
2013 Jun 20-24	26	69	5
1995 Sep 14-17	n/a	n/a	n/a
1994 Jul 1-3	24	72	4
1993 Jun 18-21	24	69	7
1991 Oct 10-13	26	70	4
When Daughter asked First, Son second			
2013 Jun 20-24	37	59	3
1995 Sep 14-17	n/a	n/a	n/a
1994 Jul 1-3	28	70	2
1993 Jun 18-21	41	53	6