

GALLUP NEWS SERVICE

TECHNOLOGY AND THE FUTURE OF JOBS

Results are based on telephone interviews with a random sample of – 2,207 -- national adults, aged 18+, living in all 50 states and the District of Columbia, who are currently employed. Interviews were conducted April 27-May 4, 2017.

Each item was asked of a randomly selected sample of approximately 500 employed adults. The margin of error for each sample of employed adults is ±5 percentage points at the 95% confidence level.

Interviews are conducted with respondents on landline telephones and cellular phones, with interviews conducted in Spanish for respondents who are primarily Spanish-speaking. Each sample of national adults includes a minimum quota of 70% cell phone respondents and 30% landline respondents, with additional minimum quotas by time zone within region. Landline and cell phones numbers are selected using random digit dial methods. Gallup obtained this sample from Survey Sampling International. Landline respondents are chosen at random within each household on the basis of which member has the next birthday.

Samples are weighted to correct for unequal selection probability, non-response, and double coverage of landline and cell users in the two sampling frames. They are also weighted to match the national demographics of gender, age, race, Hispanic ethnicity, education, region, population density, and phone status (cell phone-only/landline only/both, cell phone mostly). Demographic weighting targets are based on the March 2016 Current Population Survey figures for the aged 18 and older U.S. population. Phone status targets are based on the January-June 2016 National Health Interview Survey. Population density targets are based on the 2010 census. All reported margins of sampling error include the computed design effects for weighting.

In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of public opinion polls. For questions about how this survey was conducted, please contact galluphelp@gallup.com.

Thinking now about the type of work you currently do and how that job might change in the future:

- 1a. (Asked of a random sample of employed adults) How likely is it that the job you have now will be eliminated within the next five years as a result of new technology, automation, robots, or artificial intelligence – very likely, somewhat likely, not too likely or not at all likely?

BASED ON – 551 – EMPLOYED ADULTS

	Very likely	Somewhat likely	Not too likely	Not likely at all	No opinion
2017 Apr 27-May 4	4	9	25	62	2

- 1b. (Asked of a random sample of employed adults) How likely is it that the job you have now will be eliminated within the next twenty years as a result of new technology, automation, robots, or artificial intelligence – very likely, somewhat likely, not too likely or not at all likely?

BASED ON – 576 – EMPLOYED ADULTS

	Very likely	Somewhat likely	Not too likely	Not likely at all	No opinion
2017 Apr 27-May 4	8	18	27	45	1

- 1c. *(Asked of a random sample of employed adults)* How worried are you that the job you have now will be eliminated within the next five years as a result of new technology, automation, robots, or artificial intelligence – very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried or not worried at all?

BASED ON – 563 – EMPLOYED ADULTS

	<u>Very worried</u>	<u>Somewhat worried</u>	<u>Not too worried</u>	<u>Not worried at all</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2017 Apr 27-May 4	2	12	19	66	1

- 1d. *(Asked of a random sample of employed adults)* How worried are you that the job you have now will be eliminated within the next twenty years as a result of new technology, automation, robots, or artificial intelligence – very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried or not worried at all?

BASED ON – 517 – EMPLOYED ADULTS

	<u>Very worried</u>	<u>Somewhat worried</u>	<u>Not too worried</u>	<u>Not worried at all</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2017 Apr 27-May 4	5	15	24	56	1