

GALLUP NEWS SERVICE

TARIFFS

Results are based on telephone interviews with a random sample of -- 1,513 -- national adults, aged 18+, living in all 50 states and the District of Columbia, conducted July 16-22, 2018.

For results based on the total sample of national adults, the margin of error is ± 3 percentage points at the 95% confidence level.

For results based on the total sample of -- 907 -- employed adults, the margin of error is ± 4 percentage points at the 95% confidence level.

Interviews are conducted with respondents on landline telephones and cellular phones, with interviews conducted in Spanish for respondents who are primarily Spanish-speaking. Each sample of national adults includes a minimum quota of 70% cell phone respondents and 30% landline respondents, with additional minimum quotas by time zone within region. Landline and cell phone numbers are selected using random digit dial methods. Gallup obtained this sample from Survey Sampling International. Landline respondents are chosen at random within each household on the basis of which member has the next birthday.

Samples are weighted to correct for unequal selection probability, non-response, and double coverage of landline and cell users in the two sampling frames. They are also weighted to match the national demographics of gender, age, race, Hispanic ethnicity, education, region, population density, and phone status (cell phone-only/landline only/both, cell phone mostly). Demographic weighting targets are based on the March 2017 Current Population Survey figures for the aged 18 and older U.S. population. Phone status targets are based on the January-June 2017 National Health Interview Survey. Population density targets are based on the 2010 census. All reported margins of sampling error include the computed design effects for weighting.

In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of public opinion polls. For questions about how this survey was conducted, please contact galluphelp@gallup.com.

1. Now, turning to tariffs, which are taxes or fees imposed on products imported from other countries. How closely have you been following the news about new tariffs imposed by the U.S. and by China – very closely, somewhat closely, not too closely or not at all?

	<u>Very closely</u>	<u>Somewhat closely</u>	<u>Not too closely</u>	<u>Not at all</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2018 Jul 16-22	23	36	22	19	1

2. As you may know, the U.S. has imposed new tariffs on many products and materials made in China and sold in the U.S., and in return China has imposed new tariffs on products and materials from the U.S. sold in China. So far, have these new tariffs helped, not had an effect, or hurt each of the following? How about – [RANDOM ORDER]?

<i>2018 Jul 16-22</i> <i>Sorted by "helped"</i>	<u>Helped</u>	<u>No effect</u>	<u>Hurt</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
The U.S. economy	16	36	38	11
Your employer's financial situation ^	8	67	17	8
Your family's financial situation	6	72	17	5

^ Based on – 907 – employed adults

3. In the long run, do you think these new tariffs will make things better, not make much difference, or make things worse for each of the following? How about – [RANDOM ORDER]?

<i>2018 Jul 16-22</i> <i>Sorted by "make better"</i>	<u>Make better</u>	<u>Not much difference</u>	<u>Make Worse</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
The U.S. economy	31	19	45	5
Your family's financial situation	20	43	33	4
Your employer's financial situation ^	18	46	29	6

^ Based on – 907 – employed adults