

GALLUP NEWS SERVICE

**GALLUP POLL SOCIAL SERIES:
WORK AND EDUCATION**

-- FINAL TOPLINE --

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August 1-12, 2018

Results are based on telephone interviews conducted August 1-12, 2018 with a random sample of –1,024—adults, ages 18+, living in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia. For results based on this sample of national adults, the margin of sampling error is ± 4 percentage points at the 95% confidence level.

For results based on the sample of –533—adults who are employed full- or part-time, the maximum margin of sampling error is ± 5 percentage points.

For results based on the sample of –229—parents with children in Kindergarten through Grade 12, the maximum margin of sampling error is ± 8 percentage points.

Interviews are conducted with respondents on landline telephones and cellular phones, with interviews conducted in Spanish for respondents who are primarily Spanish-speaking. Each sample of national adults includes a minimum quota of 70% cell phone respondents and 30% landline respondents, with additional minimum quotas by time zone within region. Landline and cell phone telephone numbers are selected using random digit dial methods. Gallup obtained sample for this study from Survey Sampling International. Landline respondents are chosen at random within each household on the basis of which member has the next birthday.

Samples are weighted to correct for unequal selection probability, non-response, and double coverage of landline and cell users in the two sampling frames. They are also weighted to match the national demographics of gender, age, race, Hispanic ethnicity, education, region, population density, and phone status (cell phone-only/landline only/both and cell phone mostly). Demographic weighting targets are based on the March 2017 Current Population Survey figures for the aged 18 and older U.S. population. Phone status targets are based on the July-December 2017 National Health Interview Survey. Population density targets are based on the 2010 census. All reported margins of sampling error include the computed design effects for weighting.

In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of public opinion polls. For questions about how this survey was conducted, please contact galluphelp@gallup.com.

Finally,

33. How closely have you been following the news about Russia and the 2016 U.S. presidential election – very closely, somewhat closely, not too closely, or not at all?

	<u>Very closely</u>	<u>Somewhat closely</u>	<u>Not too closely</u>	<u>Not at all</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2018 Aug 1-12	33	34	18	14	*

34. Which comes closer to your view about Russian involvement in the 2016 U.S. presidential election – [ROTATED: Russians did not interfere in the 2016 election, Russians interfered in the 2016 election, but their actions did not change the outcome of the election, (or) Russians interfered in the 2016 election and their actions changed the outcome of the election]?

	<u>Did not interfere</u>	<u>Interfered, did not change outcome</u>	<u>Interfered, changed outcome</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2018 Aug 1-12	16	36	39	9

35. In your view, is it more important that the United States take strong diplomatic and economic steps against Russia, or is it more important that the U.S. continue efforts to improve relations with Russia?

	<u>Take strong steps against Russia</u>	<u>Continue to improve relations</u>	<u>Both the same (vol.)</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2018 Aug 1-12	36	58	4	3