

GALLUP NEWS SERVICE
GALLUP POLL SOCIAL SERIES:
VALUES AND BELIEFS

-- FINAL TOPLINE --

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May 1-13, 2020

Results are based on telephone interviews conducted May 1-13, 2020 with a random sample of –1,028—adults, ages 18+, living in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia. For results based on this sample of national adults, the margin of sampling error is ± 4 percentage points at the 95% confidence level.

For results based on the sample of –515—national adults in Form A, the margin of sampling error is ± 5 percentage points.

For results based on the sample of –513—national adults in Form B, the margins of sampling error is ± 5 percentage points.

Interviews are conducted with respondents on landline telephones and cellular phones, with interviews conducted in Spanish for respondents who are primarily Spanish-speaking. Each sample of national adults includes a minimum quota of 70% cell phone respondents and 30% landline respondents, with additional minimum quotas by time zone within region. Landline and cell phone telephone numbers are selected using random digit dial methods. Gallup obtained sample for this study from Dynata. Landline respondents are chosen at random within each household on the basis of which member has the next birthday.

Samples are weighted to correct for unequal selection probability, non-response, and double coverage of landline and cell users in the two sampling frames. They are also weighted to match the national demographics of gender, age, race, Hispanic ethnicity, education, region, population density, and phone status (cell phone-only/landline only/both and cell phone mostly). Demographic weighting targets are based on the March 2018 Current Population Survey figures for the aged 18 and older U.S. population. Phone status targets are based on the January-June 2018 National Health Interview Survey. Population density targets are based on the 2010 census. All reported margins of sampling error include the computed design effects for weighting.

In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of public opinion polls. For questions about how this survey was conducted, please contact galluphelp@gallup.com.

Next,

21. Do you think marriages between same-sex couples should or should not be recognized by the law as valid, with the same rights as traditional marriages?

	<u>Should be valid</u>	<u>Should not be valid</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2020 May 1-13	67	31	1
2019 May 1-12	63	36	1
2018 May 1-10	67	31	2
2017 May 3-7	64	34	2
2016 May 4-8	61	37	2
2015 Jul 8-12	58	40	2
2015 May 6-10	60	37	3
2014 May 8-11	55	42	3
2013 July 8-11	54	43	3
2013 May 2-7	53	45	3
2012 Nov 26-29	53	46	2
2012 May 3-6	50	48	2
2011 Dec 15-18	48	48	4
2011 May 5-8	53	45	3
2010 May 3-6	44	53	3
2009 May 7-10	40	57	3
2008 May 8-11 †	40	56	4
2007 May 10-13	46	53	1
2006 May 8-11 †	42	56	2
2006 May 8-11 ^†	39	58	4
2005 Aug 22-25 ^	37	59	4
2004 May 2-4 ^	42	55	3
1999 Feb 8-9 ^	35	62	3
1996 Mar 15-17 ^	27	68	5

^ WORDING: Do you think marriages between homosexuals should or should not be recognized by the law as valid, with the same rights as traditional marriages?

† Asked of a half sample.

TRENDS FOR COMPARISON: Polls in which gay marriage question NOT preceded by question(s) on gay/lesbian rights and relations

	<u>Should be valid</u>	<u>Should not be valid</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2005 Apr 29-May 1	39	56	5
2005 Mar 18-20 ^	28	68	4
2004 Jul 19-21 ^	32	62	6
2004 Mar 5-7	33	61	6
2004 Feb 16-17	32	64	4
2004 Feb 6-8 ^	36	59	5
2003 Dec 15-16	31	65	4
2003 Oct 24-26	35	61	4
2003 Jun 27-29	39	55	6
2000 Jan 13-16	34	62	4

^ Asked of a half sample.

22. What is your impression of how most Americans feel about same-sex marriage – do you think most Americans are in favor of same-sex marriage or opposed to same-sex marriage?

	<u>In favor of</u>	<u>Opposed to</u>	<u>No opinion</u>
2020 May 1-13	48	49	3
2015 May 6-10	42	53	6
2013 May 2-7	30	63	7
2012 Nov 26-29	30	61	9

**GALLUP POLL SOCIAL SURVEY
May 2020
Public Release Data**

QN21: Marriages between same-sex couples should or should not be recognized by the law BY Total + Gender + Race I + Age + Education + Party I.D. + Ideology

		Gender			Race I		Age			Education			Party I.D.			Ideology		
		Total	Male	Female	White	Non-white	18-34	35-54	55+	College Grad	Some College	HS Grad or Less	Republican	Independent	Democrat	Conservative	Moderate	Liberal
Total	Unweighted n	1028	537	491	760	246	201	272	536	460	358	204	321	361	319	365	390	249
	Weighted n	1028	509	519	673	334	295	313	403	348	292	383	287	381	323	347	376	274
Should be valid		693	328	365	455	225	227	222	233	274	200	216	140	270	270	161	284	233
		67%	64%	70%	68%	67%	77%	71%	58%	79%	69%	56%	49%	71%	83%	46%	76%	85%
Should not be recognized as valid		321	173	149	210	105	67	84	164	69	86	165	144	101	52	181	86	39
		31%	34%	29%	31%	31%	23%	27%	41%	20%	29%	43%	50%	27%	16%	52%	23%	14%
(DK)/(Refused)		14	9	5	9	4	1	7	7	5	7	2	3	9	1	5	6	2
		1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	0%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	0%	2%	1%	1%

**GALLUP POLL SOCIAL SURVEY
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QN22: How Do Americans Feel About Same-Sex Marriage BY Total + Gender + Race I + Age + Education + Party I.D. + Ideology

		Gender			Race I		Age			Education			Party I.D.			Ideology		
		Total	Male	Female	White	Non-white	18-34	35-54	55+	College Grad	Some College	HS Grad or Less	Republican	Independent	Democrat	Conservative	Moderate	Liberal
Total	Unweighted n	1028	537	491	760	246	201	272	536	460	358	204	321	361	319	365	390	249
	Weighted n	1028	509	519	673	334	295	313	403	348	292	383	287	381	323	347	376	274
In favor of		495	242	252	349	136	164	149	176	199	147	147	106	185	190	127	180	170
		48%	48%	49%	52%	41%	55%	48%	44%	57%	50%	38%	37%	49%	59%	37%	48%	62%
Opposed to		503	252	251	300	194	131	154	207	138	133	229	171	184	125	207	184	100
		49%	50%	48%	45%	58%	44%	49%	51%	40%	45%	60%	60%	48%	39%	60%	49%	36%
(DK)/(Refused)		30	15	16	25	4	1	9	20	11	12	7	10	11	8	14	12	4
		3%	3%	3%	4%	1%	0%	3%	5%	3%	4%	2%	3%	3%	3%	4%	3%	1%